

# The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XI

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAR. 5, 1891.

NUMBER 37

## AN INNOVATION.

The Office of Commonwealth's Attorney to be Abolished.

## OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION MATTERS.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feby. 5.—The convention to day in a committee of the whole decided by a close vote to abolish the office of Commonwealth Attorney as existing under the present constitution and to place the duties and work of that office upon the County Attorney, under the new constitution this official will continue to be known as that of the Commonwealth's Attorney. This it is claimed will be a considerable reduction in expense to the State. The section as adopted is as follows:

Sec. 1. A Commonwealth's Attorney for each county and Circuit Court Clerk for each county shall be elected, whose term of office shall be six years; also a County Court Clerk, Surveyor, Coroner and Jailer for each county, whose term of office shall be the same as that of the County Court. The compensation of said Commonwealth's Attorneys is to be by salary fixed by law, and uniform in so far as the same shall be placed out of the State Treasury; but any county may make additional compensation to be paid by said county.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 26.—Several more important sections on county officials were adopted in the committee of the whole to-day.

Section 4—says the county attorney must be twenty-four years old, and a practicing lawyer for four years before he is eligible.

Section 5 was adopted after being amended so as to conform to action abolishing the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, and making the County Attorney, the Prosecuting Attorney. It provides that the Prosecuting Attorney and Circuit Court Clerk shall be elected at the same time as the Circuit Judge, the County Attorney, Clerk, Surveyor, Coroner, and Jailer to be elected at the same time and in the same manner as the Judge of the County Court.

Section 6. A Sheriff shall be elected in each county by the qualified voters thereof, whose term of office shall be four years, and until his successor be qualified; but no Sheriff shall be re-elected or act as deputy for the succeeding term; nor shall any Deputy Sheriff be eligible to the office of Sheriff for the term next succeeding; the one during which he may have served as such deputy. Provided, however, that the first election of Sheriffs under this Constitution shall be at the regular election in 1892, they hold office for only two years."

Section 7. A Constable shall be elected in each Justice's district by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and for the same term as the Sheriff, and shall possess the same qualifications. The jurisdiction of Constables shall be co-extensive with the county in which they may reside.

Section 10. There shall be elected in each county, at the same time and for the same term that the Judge of the County Court is elected, a County Assessors, who shall have power to appoint such assistants as may be necessary and proper."

Section 11. The General Assembly may at any time consolidate the offices of Jailer and Sheriff in any county or counties as they shall deem most expedient; but in the event that such consolidation be made, the office of Sheriff shall be retained, and he shall be required to perform the duties of Jailer."

## Pension Money.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Acting Secretary Nettleton to-day issued warrants for the payment of nearly \$20,000,000 on account of pensions. This amount was distributed among the different agencies as follows:

Augusta, Me., \$750,000; Columbus, 3,250,000; Concord, N. H., \$750,000; Des Moines, Iowa, \$1,000,000; Troy, \$500,000; Indianapolis, \$1,300,000; Louisville, 1,000,000; Milwaukee, \$1,550,000; Kansas City, 2,450,000; San Francisco, \$400,000; making in all \$18,600,000, to which \$758,000 were paid out on account of naval pensions.

The requirements for pensions for the quarter ending March 4 next are about \$31,000,000. Including to day's disbursements, a little over \$21,000,000 has already been applied to that purpose, leaving nearly \$10,000,000 to be met between now and next Thursday. The available cash balance in the Treasury to day, as stated by the Treasurer, is \$35,000,000; so that there will still be a surplus after paying all these pensions.

## RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

## FRUIT GROWING.

Four People Killed and a Score Wounded.

Richmond, Ind., Feb. 25.—A terrible accident occurred on the Richmond division of the Pan Handle railroad at Hagerstown, sixteen miles from the city, at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, in which three persons were instantly killed and one mortally wounded, and who has since died, two seriously, possibly fatally, and a large number more or less injured. It was the fast train between Chicago and Cincinnati, which was coming down steep grade into the town, when the framework of the engine broke and derailed every car. However, they passed the station and came to the canal bridge, where there is a fifteen foot fall, before the fatality occurred, and where it came near, proving even more terrible, as the cars caught fire; but the fire was quickly extinguished.

The smoker first turned on its side, and the day coach and parlor car "Eugenia," the smoking compartment of which contained all the killed, breaking away from the smoking car, but holding on together, rolled over twice in their descent of the embankment. Meanwhile the derailed baggage car had hung to the engine and away beyond the other cars struck a guard at the road crossing, again mounted the track and escaped almost uninjured; but the engine, though holding the rail, was about as badly wrecked as the parlor car and da coach.

## KILLED IN THE RING.

## A Prize Fight Ends Fatally to one of the Participants.

## COLUMBUS, O., Feby. 5.—In a

contest with four ounce gloves at Nelsonville, this morning Dave Seville knocked out Arthur Majesty and the latter died three hours afterwards from the effect of the blow. The fighting was even up to the eleventh round. Seville struck Majesty a right hand blow on the cheek, and the latter fell backwards on the ropes. He was carried to his room, and physicians called but the wounded man soon died. Seville and his seconds have been arrested charged with murder.

## The Precious Metals.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Director of the Mint has submitted to Congress a report on the production of the precious metals for the calendar year of 1890. The gold production of the United States was \$1,587,880 fine ounces (Troy) of the value of \$32,845,000, an increase of \$35,000 over the product of the preceding year. The silver product of our own mines approximated \$4,500,000 ounces, corresponding at the average price of silver during the year to \$57,225,000, and at the coming value of silver to \$70,464,645, against a product of \$50,000,000 fine ounces of the commercial value of \$57,750,000 and coining value of \$64,404,644 in the preceding year, an increase of \$4,500,000 fine ounces in the silver product of the United States last year. The silver product of our smelters and refineries was \$4,920,927 fine ounces.

The total value of the gold deposited at the mints during the calendar year was \$56,317,105. The total amount of silver offered for sale to the Government during the year was \$8,131,457 fine ounces, and the amount purchased \$7,594,373.75 fine ounces, costing \$39,901,840, the average cost being \$1.06 per fine ounce.

The Director estimates that the gold product of the world for the calendar year 1890 was \$118,490,000, a falling off of \$30,007,000 from 1889, and that the silver product of the world was \$130,650,000 fine ounces an increase of 7,859,375 fine ounces over 1889.

## Pension Examiners.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The Commissioner of Pensions has established a new Board of Pension Examining Surgeon, at Kuttawa, Ky., the members of which are Drs. A. P. Champion, J. A. Duskill and A. D. Purdy.

"There is little in woman's advice, yet, he that won't take it is not otherwise," says Cervantes. This proverb is most aptly illustrated in the following item:

During the fall of 1882, while my daughter was teaching in the country near here, she contracted a severe cold and cough, and sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the effect was so satisfactory that on her recommendation the entire neighborhood began to use, and with the most satisfactory results.

THE APRICOT.

Is very little known in this section of Kentucky. This may be accounted for by any one or all of the following reasons: The trees bloom out very early in the season, and the fruit is usually killed by the early spring frosts. If any should escape the destruction of the frost, late in the season the curculio comes along and finishes up what the frost has failed to accomplish. The peel of the apricot, like the peach, is covered with a downy coating. It has a seed like the plum. In flavor it equals the peach.

## THE GRAPE.

is considered by many the most delicious and most healthful of all our fruits. The introduction of new varieties has been pushed with more energy and perseverance, perhaps, than all other fruits combined, until we now have of American grapes a great number of excellent varieties.

## THE NECTARINE.

is perhaps less known than the apricot. It has the seed and the flavor of the peach, with a smooth skin, like the plum, thereby rendering the fruit an easy prey to the curculio, of which they are very fond.

With this I have mentioned the most important of the larger or true fruits. I will pass on to the smaller species.

## THE STRAWBERRY.

is, without question, the most profitable of all the small fruits. Being the earliest fruit that ripens, and possessing an acid that the human system at that time craves, makes it a general favorite. No fruit within the last quarter of a century, by selection and cultivation, has been more improved than the strawberry.

THE APPLE.

As the apple undoubtedly stands pre-eminently in value at the head of our lists of fruits, I will first notice it briefly. Of this species there are several thousand varieties, but for a succession of apples ten months in the year, we need go beyond the following varieties (though many others may be added or substituted, that will give just as good results):

Early Summer.—Early Harvest.

Late Summer.—Summer Pearmain, Maiden Blush.

Fall.—Fall Queen, Pennsylvania Red Streak.

Late Fall to Early Winter.—Winter Cheese, Lady Finger, Rome Beauty, Bee Davis.

Late Winter.—Wine Sap, Lansing Burg, Limber Twig, Abram and Shockley. These four latter are not over good in flavor, but for their excellent keeping qualities they can not be ignored.

Winter apples should be gathered just as soon as they ripen in the fall. For keeping them through the winter there are many methods, such as storing them in ground cellars, etc.; but it is generally considered the one that gives the best results, and causes the fruit to retain the best flavor, is to store where the air is excluded, and the fruit will keep as dry and cool as possible without freezing; though many farmers very successfully keep their apples by barreling as they gather, and storing in open sheds or barns, where they take the winter freezing, never disturbing them while frozen.

## THE GOOSEBERRY.

is one of our most hardy and valuable berries. The greatest, and I might say the only obstacle in its culture, is the mildew, and this, to a very great extent, can be obviated by planting in a good dry soil, where the plants will not be obstructed by the shade, as air and sunshine are the life of the gooseberry. There are a number of varieties, both foreign and American, all subject to the mildew, and their cultivation can not be recommended.

Of the American sorts, the Houghton Seedling, all things considered, is perhaps the most valuable, as the peach does. The plum is at home in strong clay soil. The different varieties of strawberries require a greater variety of soils than any other fruit, but generally they will flourish on a moderately rich soil. The raspberry does best on a rich loam, with an admixture of sand. The blackberry is a good feeder, and needs rich soil. The gooseberry also demands a rich soil. The currant does not need so rich a soil as the gooseberry.

## THE PEACH.

among the large fruits, stands in deliciousness next to the peach, and were it not for blight, would rank as the most preferable of all our fruit. It is as hardy and about as a copper as the apple. The blight, when it attacks a tree, rarely leaves until the tree succumbs.

There are a number of varieties of recent origin that are claimed to be blight-proof, among which are the Keiffer and Le Conte. The fruit of the former is worthless, whilst the tree of the latter are tender and the fruit below medium in quality. The best varieties are Flemish Beauty, Clapp's Favorite, Oldminion, Cling and Free, Annie Trice, and Henrietta, are good enough.

## THE PEAR.

among the large fruits, stands in deliciousness next to the peach, and were it not for blight, would rank as the most preferable of all our fruit. It is as hardy and about as a copper as the apple. The blight, when it attacks a tree, rarely leaves until the tree succumbs.

## THE CURRENT.

is a good berry, but it receives no attention in this part of Kentucky.

## THE BLACKBERRY.

certainly the most reliable and hardy of all our small fruits. Since the beginning of civilization a perpetual war of extermination has been waged against it. Yet it is still here, producing annual crops of its rich, black fruit. While civilization has done so much to destroy the blackberry, it has in turn, done a great deal to improve it, and rightly has it responded to generous treatment, for those varieties that have been cultivated for years are as far superior to their wild brothers as a rich, luscious, budded peach is to a seedling.

## THE CHERRY.

is a rule, is a short-lived tree. The sour varieties are the most valuable.

## THE PLUM.

is a very valuable fruit, both for home use and for market. The Chickasaw varieties are as hardy as the peach, and are enormously productive. Of this type—the Wild Goose is the best; it is almost free from the attacks of the plum's greatest enemy, the curculio. The plum is a native of this country in many sections of the United States; it is found growing wild. It will thrive in any many different soils and climates as any other of our fruits. Salts and animal manures are recommended as excellent fertilizers for the plum.

## THE HUCKLEBERRY.

is as hardy as the gooseberry. It is perfectly exempt from any kind of disease, and does not seem to be partial to any particular soil or situation, but will flourish on a rich soil. It is an annual bearer of bluish-black fruit. When fully ripe is of sub-acid flavor, and in size not quite so large as the gooseberry. The plant grows about two and one-half feet high, and commences bearing the second year after planting. Notwithstanding their excellence, and the fact that they will flourish and bear anywhere, they are as rare in most parts of this State as a pomegranate or a guava.

## THE HUCKLEBERRY.

is considered by many the most delicious and most healthful of all our fruits. The introduction of new varieties has been pushed with more energy and perseverance, perhaps, than all other fruits combined, until we now have of American grapes a great number of excellent varieties.

Many new varieties, however, that have shone for awhile as bright as the noonday sun in the firmament, have finally gone down behind a cloud of oblivion. Notwithstanding the great vigor and energy that have been displayed in originating and introducing new varieties to the public, there have been none yet sent out that are superior for general cultivation to the old Concord. It is one of the oldest reliable American grapes, and nearly all of the most valuable varieties that have light since its origin are its descendants. Had you asked a quarter of a century ago some well-known grape-grower, who was not interested in pushing to the front some new favorite, what grape he deemed the most valuable for general cultivation, you would have been told "The Concord." Ask the same question of a similar person to-day, and you will receive for answer "The Concord."

Next to it, for general cultivation stands the Ives Seedling, followed by the Norton's Virginia. No one would dare say that these three varieties are superior in quality, for such is not the case; but, on the other hand, they are inferior in point of flavor to many other varieties; but the simple fact is they are good enough, and we can have them in abundance, when other varieties under the same treatment, would utterly fail.

Soil, pruning, and culture I have not noticed under the headings of the various species of fruit mentioned in this article. Had I attempted to name the best character of soils, with the best mode of culture and the best system of pruning adapted to the several species, it would have been misleading, because different varieties of the same fruit require different soil and cultivation. For instance, in apples, the Summer Pearmain requires rich soil to perfect good fruit, while the Winter Pearmain requires thin soil. Nor does the Winter Pearmain need the same amount of culture to make it flourish as the Summer Pearmain does. Then again, the system of pruning required for those varieties that form low-spreading heads, would be death to those varieties that form pyramidal-shaped heads. In regard to soil, it is safe to say that the apple will flourish in a moderately rich, dry, warm soil.

The peach delights in rich, melon soil, with an admixture of sand. The pear needs deep, rich, loamy soil, with a plenty of lime and ashes.

The cherry wants a warm, dry soil, not overly rich. Apricots and nectarines require the same soil that the peach does. The plum is at home in strong clay soil. The different varieties of strawberries require a greater variety of soils than any other fruit, but generally they will flourish on a moderately rich soil.

The raspberry does best on a rich loam, with an admixture of sand. The gooseberry also demands a rich soil. The currant does not need so rich a soil as the gooseberry.

## UNCLE SAM'S JEWELS.

Deposited in the National Museum and Guarded Night and Day.

The most valuable jewels in the National museum, in Washington; D. C., are the relics of our great men, near the entrance, says the Jeweler's Weekly. These are worth tens of thousands of dollars in intrinsic value of the gold and jewels of which they are made, to say nothing of the workmanship. There are awards by the dozen set with diamonds, guns inlaid with precious stones, and canes which have heads of gold, in which gems are embedded.

A guard is detailed to watch them night and day. Each case has a burglar alarm connected with it, and the least meddling would set an electric bell ringing and call the museum army together.

The Grant collection is one. It is made up of hundreds of gold articles, exquisitely engraved, and brought from all parts of the world; of rare stones, of china, more valuable than though it were solid gold and of other articles which, if melted down would fully pay the President's salary for a year or more.

In one case there is a complete collection of gold and silver coins of Japan, which has a wonderful numismatic value, as it is the only complete set in existence, except one in the Japanese Treasury.

Some of the gold coins are a quarter of an inch thick and as large around at the top of a dinner plate. Seven of them cost \$5,000, and those are perhaps 100 in the collection.

In another case there are a dozen large elephant tusks which the King of Siam gave to Gen.

Grant, and also six pieces of costly jade given him by one of the princes of China. All the swords presented to him are there, and many of them have diamonds set in the hilts. The sword given to Gen. Grant by the Sanitary Fair of New York has a solid gold head, representing the Goddess of Liberty, which has two rubies, two diamonds and two sapphires set in it. The sword of Chattanooga has fourteen diamonds imbedded in it, and many of the gifts which he received from foreign monarchs are of gold set with diamonds.

One of the medals which are in the collection contains \$600 worth of gold and is as large around as the bottom of a tin cup. The gold articles in the collection would fill a peck measure and many cities seem to have given Gen. Grant a gold box containing the papers in which his freedom was presented. The box which he received at Ayr, Scotland, is as large as a cigar box and is of solid gold. The city of Glasgow gave him a still larger one, beautifully chased, and the gold box which he received from the city of London

# The Crittenden Press

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

We are authorized to announce S. G. CLARK, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. R. SUMMERS, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILOR.

To the voters of Crittenden county.

Having been appointed by the County Judge as Jailer until the next regular election to fill the vacancy caused by the death of W. L. Cook I am now a candidate for the office of said election subject to the action of the Republican party. Since my appointment I have tried to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and if elected promise a continuance of the same earnest effort to do so. Your support will be greatly appreciated.

Joseph W. Adams.

United States Treasurer Houston has resigned.

Thousands of mormons are leaving Utah for Mexico.

Senator Hurst from California, died in Washington Saturday.

Senator Vorhees, has gone to Hot Springs to regain lost health.

Senator Blair has been appointed by the President to the Chinese Mission.

United States troops are in the Cherokee Strip with orders to keep settlers off.

The increase of the public debt during the month of February was \$2,994,750.

As noon Wednesday Congress adjourned. The best thing done during the session.

Senator Manderson has been chosen temporary president of the Senate in place of Senator Ingalls.

No quorum in the Constitutional Convention Monday. These occurrences are the ugliest features of the Convention.

Mrs John A. Logan has written a letter to the Republicans of the Illinois Legislature urging them to stand firmly for a man of their own party for United States Senator.

It is estimated that the Congress just adjourned spent \$200,000,000 more than any other Congress that has ever yet assembled at Washington.

A joint resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 for improving the Mississippi river between the head of the pass and the mouth of the Ohio, was passed by Congress.

The official court of Kentucky's population gives the State 1,858,635 inhabitants, divided up as follows: 1,585,526 whites; 272,081 colored; 38 Indians, 29 Chinese, 1 Japanese.

Last week President Harrison appointed Jim Hill colored post master at Vicksburg, Mississippi. The two Senators from that State say that the appointment is an insult to the people as Hill is neither a resident nor a tax payer.

The Board of the National Council of Woman at Washington passed a few business like resolutions. They resolved that women be admitted to the General Conferences of the Methodist church, that efficiency, not sex, should be considered in the Government service; that woman shall wear business costumes; that American forbid the use of the plumage of singing birds upon their toilet.

Shot and Knifed.

Barbourville, Ky., March 1.—The people of this community were greatly excited this morning when it was reported that a deadly double tragedy had been enacted at Gray's, a small town in this county, on the C. V. branch of the E. and N. railroad. The men concerned in the difficulty are rather desperate characters, and were drinking when the trouble arose. The facts, though rather meager, are about as follows: Some time ago Abner Mitchell and John Woods, residence of Gray's, had some misunderstanding, which they failed to settle until yesterday afternoon, when they met again. On this occasion Woods was accompanied by his friend John Ingle. The quarrel was renewed when Mitchell drew a deadly looking knife and began cutting at Woods. One cut was across his neck reaching to the depth of the right carotid artery, which it severed. Ingle, seeing that his friend was overcome by his antagonist, drew his revolver and began firing. One shot passed clean through Mitchell's body, going from right to left through his abdomen. Both men are reported dead.

## THE NEW CONSTITUTION:

Wherein Those Portions Completed Differ From The Old One.

The recognition of God in the preamble.

The prohibition of Legislature's exempting any property from taxation.

The making of every grant, charter or franchise subject to revocation.

Providing for the descent of property of suicides.

The forbidding of slavery or involuntary servitude, except for crime.

The prohibition of all form of lottery.

Providing for the maintenance of a State militia.

The disfranchisement and forfeiture of office provided for bribing voters.

Requiring a registration of voters in all cities and towns of over five thousand inhabitants.

The clause requiring all popular elections to be by secret ballot.

That making a matter of record the votes of all persons in a representative capacity.

Limiting to one a year all elections of every kind and character.

The fixing of November for the one annual election.

The forfeiture of the charter of any corporation whose officer or employee shall in any way attempt to influence the transaction of its business.

Requiring all corporation doing business in the state to have one or more places of business in the state, and an agent who can be reached by any process of law at any time.

A legislative provision requiring the sale of liquor on election day.

Making the office of Secretary of State elective instead of appointive.

Change of the minimum eligible age for Governor from thirty-five to thirty years.

The clause requiring the Governors to file papers and reasons for pardons, reprieves, etc., open to public inspection.

Making the office of Commissioner of Agriculture elective instead of appointive.

Prohibiting the Governor from convining the legislature in extra session except for one specific purpose.

The making of ministers eligible for the office of Governor.

The creation of President pro tempore of the Senate.

Giving the Governor ten days after the adjournment of the Legislature in which to sign or disapprove of bills.

Making the term of State Treasurer four instead of two years, and the incumbent ineligible for re-election.

Also making the Attorney-General, Commissioner of Agriculture, Register of the Land Office, and Secretary of State ineligible for re-election.

Increasing the powers, privileges and duties of the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Providing for the abolishment of the Register of the Land office.

Making all State offices payable by salary.

The division of all cities and towns into six distinct classes.

The limitation of taxes for cities and towns to a specified per cent. according to class.

Limiting the public debt to be incurred by any city or town to a specified per cent. of their taxable property.

Prohibiting the granting of a special character to any city or town.

Making all cities and towns of the same class subject to the same provisions of a general law.

Making the term of office of all Mayors and Police Judges four years and of all members of legislative boards two years.

The taking from all Police Courts jurisdiction in civil cases.

The limiting of all city contracts to a period of not more than twenty years.

Making ineligible for Legislature or State officer or employer of a city or town.

Requiring the same penalty for violation of a municipal ordinance or law as provided for the same offense by general law.

Limiting new counties to an area of 400 miles, the lines to pass in no less than ten miles of any old county seat.

Requiring the cutting off or division of any county or counties to be submitted to a two-thirds vote of the counties affected.

The clause called an open clause, but which is not an open clause.

That requiring a majority of one-fourth of all the voters in the State to call a Constitutional Convention.

Providing for the abolishment of the Superior Court.

Making one Supreme Court, to be known as the Court of Appeals, to consist of not less than five nor more than seven Judges.

Requiring all the Judges of the Court of Appeals to be elected from separate judicial districts.

Changing the term of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals from eight to four years.

The abolishment of all courts of common pleas or other courts of civil jurisdiction, except Circuit and County courts.

Making a system of four Circuit Courts to take the place of all intermediate courts in the county of Jefferson, or any county of more than 150,000 inhabitants.

Limiting the minimum population of all Circuit Court districts to 60,000 inhabitants.

Requiring that three instead of two annual Circuit Court terms shall be held in each county.

The establishment of a commission in each county to take the place of the Court of Claims in the conducting of its financial affairs.

Charley Young of New Bethel attended church here Sunday night.

The prospect is flattering for a wheat crop in this section.

The kind of tobacco to raise for profit is the topic of conversation.

There are some boys here that ought to be made behave better in church.

Miss Laura Saterfield of Cloverport has been visiting friends here for the past week or two.

M. G. Kirkpatrick of Mullen Texas is visiting his parents Dr. W. D. Kirkpatrick and wife.

There is a good opening here for a first-class shoe maker and also a good location for a hotel.

H. C. Parr and James Parr are doing an immense business in the grocery and queensware line in South Fredonia.

Jacobs & Deboe are on hand in the old town and can supply you with groceries, queensware, glassware, plow gear etc.

There is talk of a large flouring mill being erected near the depot between this time and wheat harvest. Let it come.

Requiring all corporation doing business in the state to have one or more places of business in the state, and an agent who can be reached by any process of law at any time.

Providing a heavy penalty for the giving of or receiving of a free railroad or free other transportation by county or State official. Making a penalty of forfeiture of office for receiving a free pass by any legislator, State, district or county officer or Judge.

Prohibiting the consolidation of any competing railroad or telegraph lines.

Making all charters and articles of incorporation subject to revocation by the General Assembly.—Louisville Times.

## GREAT FLOODS.

Hundreds of Lives Lost in the Colorado Valley.

Puma, Ariz., March 1.—In this town over 250 houses are in ruins from the flood and 1,400 people are homeless and not a single business house remains standing, and it is feared that hundreds of lives have been lost in the Gila Valley. The telephone wires are down in the valley, and as all bridges are gone and roads impassable, no reliable reports can be had from there. The river above town is seven miles wide, and below the town in places the water covers the country in one grand lake, over fifty miles across.

The railroad company will not have the blockade raised for west bound trains for four days, and it will be ten days or two weeks before they can get East. The town has provisions sufficient for eight more days, and the Southern Pacific Hotel is feeding a thousand people a day.

Reports from Jenkins, fifteen miles above here, are to the effect that the flood drove the people into the tree tops, and many becoming exhausted from cold and hunger, dropped into the water and were drowned. Reports from reliable sources put the loss of life in the valley anywhere from thirty up to 100.

Along the valley, for two hundred miles, everything is in desolation. Costly houses and barns have been washed away like playthings, while stock and fences have been carried by the flood, leaving the country as bare as a desert. Men, who, ten days ago, were wealthy, are now homeless and paupers.

Eighty miles south of here, were 5,000 Cocopah Indians live, the country is flooded for eight miles square, and as there are no hills for refugees, it is reported that over one hundred of them have drowned.

The great valley of the Colorado is one vast sea of water as the eye can see in every direction. The river has fallen six feet six inches in thirty-six hours, and is now nearly at a standstill. The water is thick and threatens heavy rains. The losses in this county foot up to over \$2,000,000, of which the railroad company will suffer to the extent of \$250,000. Old Yuma will never be rebuilt. The town will go higher up the hills.

Captain Gilbert and family will leave this week for Carlisle county where they expect to make their home. Our best wishes go with them for success and contentment, for that seems to be the highest aspiration of every man, and the bright light that adorn so few people.

Mr. Ollie Barnes, of this place bade his parents and many friends good bye two weeks ago, to make his home in Panhandle, Texas. But don't grieve friends, for Ollie is back again. When he got out into the wilds of Texas, he knew how to appreciate home on the hill, and after staying two days, he turned his face for Carrizelle.

Tom.

Blew His Brains Out.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 27.—A sixteen-year-old boy named Wright was killed at his home in Pike county last night by two of his younger brothers, aged twelve and fourteen years. They placed a gun against his head while he lay in bed asleep and literally blew his brains out.

The only reason assigned for the deed is that they were pursued by an elder brother to commit the crime. They are all in custody.

Tom.

Can't Sleep Nights.

Is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all lung troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25¢ and 50¢, by Hillyard & Woods.

Fredonia.

J. Bell Kevin of Marion was in town last week.

Miss Sallie Green, of Lyon county is visiting in town.

Several from Dogwood attended church here Sunday night.

W. O. Hayden and Charley Parker of Salem were in town last week.

The prospect is flattering for a wheat crop in this section.

Charley Young of New Bethel attended church here Sunday night.

The kind of tobacco to raise for profit is the topic of conversation.

There are some boys here that ought to be made behave better in church.

Miss Laura Saterfield of Cloverport has been visiting friends here for the past week or two.

M. G. Kirkpatrick of Mullen Texas is visiting his parents Dr. W. D. Kirkpatrick and wife.

There is a good opening here for a first-class shoe maker and also a good location for a hotel.

H. C. Parr and James Parr are doing an immense business in the grocery and queensware line in South Fredonia.

Jacobs & Deboe are on hand in the old town and can supply you with groceries, queensware, glassware, plow gear etc.

There are some boys here that ought to be made behave better in church.

Miss Laura Saterfield of Cloverport has been visiting friends here for the past week or two.

M. G. Kirkpatrick of Mullen Texas is visiting his parents Dr. W. D. Kirkpatrick and wife.

There is a good opening here for a first-class shoe maker and also a good location for a hotel.

H. C. Parr and James Parr are doing an immense business in the grocery and queensware line in South Fredonia.

Jacobs & Deboe are on hand in the old town and can supply you with groceries, queensware, glassware, plow gear etc.

There are some boys here that ought to be made behave better in church.

Miss Laura Saterfield of Cloverport has been visiting friends here for the past week or two.

M. G. Kirkpatrick of Mullen Texas is visiting his parents Dr. W. D. Kirkpatrick and wife.

There is a good opening here for a first-class shoe maker and also a

# Clothing

# SHOES

# Clothing

# SHOES

171

We have just received an immense stock of Clothing, Shoes and Dry Goods. We also have a complete stock of Ladies and Gents Hats, Furnishing Goods, Groceries, Furniture, Coffins, etc. Our prices are always the lowest. We have purchased a larger stock than ever before and

 Will Guarantee You Prices Lower than any other Place in the County 

We earnestly beg you to call and examine our stock.  
TOLU, KY.

Yours Truly,

**CLEMENT & CROFT.**

#### LOCAL BREVIETIES

**Sam Gugenheim has the biggest stock of Clothing in the country and sells them cheaper than anybody.**

Fresh Mackerel at Schwabs.

Buy your furniture at Bennett's.

Best brown domestic 5½ and 6½ at Mrs. Wolf's.

All kinds of furniture at bottom prices at Bennett's.

A good ox team wanted—M. Schwab.

Country lard, and country bacon 7½ cts. at Schwabs.

Who keeps the best grade of groceries in town? Hays.

Mrs. S. D. Swope has purchased J. G. Rochester's handsome little residence, is visiting friends in Marion.

Mr. Moore, of Caldwell county, is the guest of Mrs. W. M. Reid.

J. W. Wallace has applied for a patent on his triple shovel. Al Witherspoon is his partner.

The ladies of the various churches will hold prayer meeting every afternoon.

Cort J. Pierce has been confined to his room with rheumatism several days.

The city council is not a Methodist institution, but it holds quarterly meetings.

Mr. Richard Beabout, of Sheridan, was very sick Saturday. He is troubled with heart disease.

Who is it that so earnestly watches the interests of his customer? Hays.

You know I have saved you money on seeds, and will do so again—Schwab.

The best coffee ever brought to this market 4½ lbs. for \$1.00—Schwab.

J. G. Rochester will move to his mother's farm. He will continue the practice of law; office at same place as heretofore.

Mrs. Wolff is still giving away a present with every five dollars worth of goods bought. Hays.

If you need a bureau, a bedstead, a lounge, a safe, a mattress, a table, or chairs, bear in mind that Bennett has them at the lowest prices.

With every five dollars worth of goods bought, I will give away a present.

Mrs. A. Wolf,

**Dry Goods at prices which cannot be duplicated at Sam Gugenheim's.**

#### READ AND LIVE.

Money to our Customers.

As next Monday is county court day, Gibbs & Gilbert will give a premium to every man and woman that will call at their grocery on the above day and ask for prices on groceries. Call and thereby make money. Remember the "Corer Grocer."

I have too much stock, and will sell for 30 days cheaper than ever sold before. I am what I say come and look and you will find this no boast. I need money and much have it, if you need any groceries or provision, take advantage of this offer.

M. Schwab.

What does this mean, why it means this and nothing more that you can get sewing done by Mrs. Miles, so cheap and neat that it will pay you to send for her. Do you know I not only sew cheap, but I do all the going after work, and all you have to do, is to let me know about your sewing and I will sure sight for it. No more waiting from week to week to get work done.

Mrs. Miles.

No ice-season.

The jail has two occupants.

There is no cessation of the mud.

The meeting is still progressing.

Jas. Hodge will move to Marion shortly,

Mule buyer will be in town next Monday.

A number of new students in the Academy.

Frank Newcomb has gone to Lebanon, O., to attend Normal School.

John Worley has been granted a pension.

R. M. Allen is attending the Academy.

Five flourishing Sunday schools has Marion.

J. M. Hornung returned to Arkansas last week.

Tom Butler is at Eddyville working with the well drill.

A. J. Pickens will build another house in Marion.

Think about how good the roads will be next summer and don't worry about their present condition.

Dr. S. D. Swope has purchased J. G. Rochester's handsome little residence, is visiting friends in Marion.

Mr. Moore, of Caldwell county, is the guest of Mrs. W. M. Reid.

J. W. Wallace has applied for a patent on his triple shovel. Al Witherspoon is his partner.

The ladies of the various churches will hold prayer meeting every afternoon.

Cort J. Pierce has been confined to his room with rheumatism several days.

The city council is not a Methodist institution, but it holds quarterly meetings.

Mr. Richard Beabout, of Sheridan, was very sick Saturday. He is troubled with heart disease.

Who is it that so earnestly watches the interests of his customer? Hays.

Don't be kidnapped by other big yarns, but see Hays' prices and goods before you buy.

Who is it that will send you every ounce you buy? Hays.

Who is head quarters for provisions, staple and fancy groceries? Hays.

Stop right now and read Gibb & Gildert's little ad, found on this page.

Who is it that so earnestly watches the interests of his customer? Hays.

Will Taylor who was shot by Deboe has no intentions of dying from the wounds. He is up and at work.

J. G. Rochester will move to his mother's farm. He will continue the practice of law; office at same place as heretofore.

Mrs. Wolff is still giving away a present with every five dollars worth of goods bought. Hays.

If you need a bureau, a bedstead, a lounge, a safe, a mattress, a table, or chairs, bear in mind that Bennett has them at the lowest prices.

With every five dollars worth of goods bought, I will give away a present.

Mrs. A. Wolf,

**Dry Goods at prices which cannot be duplicated at Sam Gugenheim's.**

Don't buy Boots & Shoes until you price Sam Gugenheim's.

READ AND LIVE.

Money to our Customers.

As next Monday is county court day, Gibbs & Gilbert will give a premium to every man and woman that will call at their grocery on the above day and ask for prices on groceries. Call and thereby make money. Remember the "Corer Grocer."

I have too much stock, and will sell for 30 days cheaper than ever sold before. I am what I say come and look and you will find this no boast. I need money and much have it, if you need any groceries or provision, take advantage of this offer.

M. Schwab.

What does this mean, why it means this and nothing more that you can get sewing done by Mrs. Miles, so cheap and neat that it will pay you to send for her. Do you know I not only sew cheap, but I do all the going after work, and all you have to do, is to let me know about your sewing and I will sure sight for it. No more waiting from week to week to get work done.

Mrs. Miles.

A protracted rain.

Jim Hodes' sale to-morrow.

Our side walks are not beauties.

Edgar James spent Tuesday in Marion.

Guss Summerville will move to Marion.

R. M. Wilborn went to Louisville Saturday.

Frank Newcomb has gone to Lebanon, O., to attend Normal School.

W. M. Stout has purchased Jas. Fawler farm and will move to it.

W. M. Stout has purchased Jas. Fawler farm and will move to it.

When our timbers are gone, the minerals will come in. No room for discouragement.

Crittenden Post G. A. R. has rented the room over the postoffice for their regular meetings.

Capt. Sam S. Brown, the Pittsburg millionaire, who was in Henderson Monday, said in a conversation with a gentleman of this city regarding the statements made by the Evansville papers that the Ohio Valley Railway had been sold to the C. & O. R. R. Co., was without truth: "I own," said he, "five-eights of the stock, and if there has been any sale I know nothing of it."

Henderson Journal.

Deeds Recorded.

Thos Wright to W. P. Maxwell 70 acres for \$60.

J. W. Martin to L. A. Weldon, two lots in Tolu, for \$250.

Wm Taylor to Mary E. Hodge 250 acres for \$1,000.

M. E. Hodge to Wm. Stout, 245 acres for \$1,500.

D. J. Brown to E. E. Brown 70 acres for \$450.

County Court Notes.

A. F. Griffith allowed \$5.20 for lumber for courthouse yard.

Sarah M. Clark qualified as guard for Robt. Jarrells.

Wm. Mansard was before Judge Moore for carrying a pistol. He is paying the \$30 fine in jail.

Obe Simmons was before the court Monday charged with shooting stock and was fined \$5.

Well pleased.

Mr. H. Allen, a Louisville man with enterprise and an eye and ear for good things, spent some days last week looking over the mineral lands of Crittenden and studying the general topographical outlines of a portion of the country. He was very favorably impressed with the situation, and some new enterprises may grow out of his visit. Rome was not built in a day, neither is this county susceptible of development in a day, but after much labor, we verify believe that it will go to the front as nature's God intended when He hid latent wealth to encourage man to follow industrious pursuits, and stored away blessing with which to crown his efforts.

To Visit Salem,

The Marion Comedy Co. will visit Marion, Ky., Saturday, March 14th, with one of the funniest and most laughable comedies ever played in that little city entitled "The Danger Signal." Don't fail to see this introductory sermon.

Adaline Bigham, col., wife of Simon Bigham, of this place, died last Thursday night. She was accounted an excellent colored woman. Within the past few months Simon has buried two daughters besides his good wife.

Hawkers and Peddlers.

What ear-splitting cries we hear daily in the streets of every large city! But these itinerant dealers who hawk their wares about are, when under proper restrictions, a useful portion of the community, and not such nuisances as the catarrh hawkers. This is a stubborn disease to conquer, but Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy does it. It is mild, soothng and antiseptic, unlike snuffs that irritate, or solutions that burn. It corrects offensive breath, and restores taste, smell and hearing. Nasal catarrh often ends in consumption. Apply the only cure in time. Price 50 cents, by all druggists.

A Duty to yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary will when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Ackers English wills are positive cure for sick headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. For sale by Hillyard & Woods.

Assignment.

Monday Mr. G. E. Caldwell, a South Fredonia dry goods merchant made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Mr. P. S. Maxwell, of this place, is the assignee. The liabilities are estimated at \$250, assets about \$1500.

Long Association.

The building and loan association at this place has placed 172 shares of stock-share being \$100 each. Each stock holder pays 60 cents per share the last Saturday of each month, thus \$103.20 are paid in each month; A \$500 loan has already been placed; a \$1500 loan has been arranged for, and other small borrowers have applied and will be accommodated in time.

In a Position to Know.

Capt. Sam S. Brown, the Pittsburg millionaire, who was in Henderson Monday, said in a conversation with a gentleman of this city regarding the statements made by the Evansville papers that the Ohio Valley Railway had been sold to the C. & O. R. R. Co., was without truth: "I own," said he, "five-eights of the stock, and if there has been any sale I know nothing of it."

Henderson Journal.

Deeds Recorded.

Thos Wright to W. P. Maxwell 70 acres for \$60.

J. W. Martin to L. A. Weldon, two lots in Tolu, for \$250.

Wm Taylor to Mary E. Hodge 250 acres for \$1,000.

M. E. Hodge to Wm. Stout, 245 acres for \$1,500.

D. J. Brown to E. E. Brown 70 acres for \$450.

County Court Notes.

A. F. Griffith allowed \$5.20 for lumber for courthouse yard.

Sarah M. Clark qualified as guard for Robt. Jarrells.

Wm. Mansard was before Judge Moore for carrying a pistol. He is paying the \$30 fine in jail.

Obe Simmons was before the court Monday charged with shooting stock and was fined \$5.

Well pleased.

Mr. H. Allen, a Louisville man with enterprise and an eye and ear for good things, spent some days last week looking over the mineral lands of Crittenden and studying the general topographical outlines of a portion of the country. He was very favorably impressed with the situation, and some new enterprises may grow out of his visit. Rome was not built in a day, neither is this county susceptible of development in a day, but after much labor, we verify believe that it will go to the front as nature's God intended when He hid latent wealth to encourage man to follow industrious pursuits, and stored away blessing with which to crown his efforts.

To Visit Salem,

The Marion Comedy Co. will visit Marion, Ky., Saturday, March 14th, with one of the funniest and most laughable comedies ever played in that little city entitled "The Danger Signal." Don't fail to see this introductory sermon.

Adaline Bigham, col., wife of Simon Bigham, of this place, died last Thursday night. She was accounted an excellent colored woman. Within the past few months Simon has buried two daughters besides his good wife.

Hawkers and Peddlers.

What ear-splitting cries we hear daily in the streets of every large city! But these itinerant dealers who hawk their wares about are, when under proper restrictions, a useful portion of the community, and not such

